BLACK DIAMOND www.BLCKdiamond.net

June 26, 2021

Maine Land Use Planning Commission c/o Karen E. Bolstridge, Environmental Specialist III Maine Dept. of Agriculture, Conservation & Forestry 106 Hogan Road, Suite 8 Bangor, ME 04401

Rising Tide Towers, LLC - Telecommunication Facility Development Permit Application. Re:

Subject: LUPC Data Request on pending Development Permit Application DP 5050-B, Dallas Plantation, Franklin County, Maine - dated 4/14/2021.

Dear Land Use Planning Commission:

On behalf of Rising Tide Towers, Black Diamond Consultants is providing the following responses to the LUPC Data Request, dated 4/14/2021, on pending Development Permit Application DP 5050-B. The attached information provides the additional information requested for items 1 through 8 of the above subject letter relative to the DP 5050-B Application. The remaining item 9 of the subject letter relative to "Harmonious Fit and Natural Character" is still under review and assessment and will be provided within the next few weeks. For improved clarification, our responses are shown in red text following each data request item number. Also provided are a few corrected pages to the initial Application material. In addition, by e-mail of 4/19/21, Black Diamond provided the two missing pages to the initial Application, on the soil report, as requested in item 3 of the LUPC data request.

Additionally, Black Diamond has submitted a "Self-Verification Notification Form" to the US Army Corps of Engineers which is presently under review.

Please let us know if you have any additional questions relative to these responses.

Respectfully submitted,

Jim Hebert / Black Diamond Consultants, Inc.

RISING TIDE TOWERS RESPONSE TO LUPC 04/14/2021 DATA REOUEST

Submitted on June 26, 2021

Note: Rising Tide Towers' responses to LUPC's 04/14/2021 data requests are shown in red text following each data request, below. Rising Tide Tower also identified several items in the *Application that are incorrect. Corrected pages are attached hereto.*

1. Technical Capability: Summarize the professional qualifications and experience of the individual(s) that conducted the wetland delineation. Indicate the technical capacity of the consultant that performed the wetland delineation.

Please refer to the attached Professional Resume from project environmental scientist Eric Whitney, who conducted the wetland delineation. Mr. Whitney is knowledgeable in the USACE wetland mapping methodology, having practiced as a wetland professional for a number of years. He is a certified soils scientist and a licensed site evaluator.

Mr. Whitney is employed by Main-Land Development Consultants, Inc., which has been providing land use planning services since its inception in 1974. Main-Land is a multidisciplined firm that has the ability to provide comprehensive land use planning services within a single entity, due to its wide range of respected professionals. Main-land has substantial experience conducting wetland delineations, vernal pool screenings, stream delineations, and septic suitability analyses. To view a summary of several recent such projects, please visit https://main-landdci.com/investigation-%e2%94%80-wetland-delineation.

Over the years, Main-Land Development Consultants, Inc. has established a reputation for providing high quality consulting services. It is this reputation that has grown Main-Land into the leading land use planning firm in Western Maine.

2. Electricity: The electricity will be provided by a utility company. Submit a letter confirming the company's capacity to provide the electricity. The letter must indication that the company has sufficient knowledge of the proposed development to make an accurate assessment of the project's demand for electricity.

Central Maine Power Company (CMP) is the utility company for the Dallas Plantation area. According to licensed engineer, Jim Hebert, the power needs for the proposed telecommunications tower equal the electric power required in support of a typical residential dwelling. Most of the energy is used by the radio to transmit and receive cellular signals. A tower that runs all the time uses about the same energy annually as an average U.S. household, approximately 900 kWh per month. (See Scientific American, Why Cellular Towers in Developing Nations are Making the Move to Solar Power, Jan. 15, 2013, available at https://www.scientificamerican.com/article/cellular-towers-moving-to-solar-power/.)

CMP is responsible for providing electric power to over 500,000 electric customers throughout the State of Maine. CMP also presently provides electric power to several hundred telecommunications and broadband carriers throughout Maine. There is no question that CMP has the capacity to support the power needs of this proposal. Please refer to the attached letter from CMP confirming the utility's capacity to provide the electricity needs of this project.

3. Soil Suitability and Mapping:

• Page 4 of the soils report is missing from the application, please submit this page.

Page 4 of the soils report was provided to LUPC via e-mail on 04/19/2021.

• Indicate the date of the onsite soil inspection.

The onsite soil inspection was conducted on 10/20/2020.

• Provide a scaled soil survey map for the Class A and the Class L soil surveys. The soils survey map must be according to the "Guidelines for Maine Certified Soil Scientists for Soil Identification and Mapping" Maine Association of Professional Soil Scientists, 2009. Among other items, the map must include the soils types with boundaries and soils test pit locations. Additionally, hydric soil map units, and map units with a low or very low development potential rating for low density development must be clearly identified on the soil survey map.

A revised soil survey map was provided to LUPC via e-mail on 04/19/2021.

• The tower site soils have a very low development potential rating for low density development; the access road has low and very low development potential rating for low density development. Determination of soil suitability shall be based on the NRCS soils potential ratings for low density development. Explain the corrective measure that will be used to overcome limitations that resulted in a low or very low rating.

The proposed access road has been designed to account for the existing soil conditions. The road design will adequately support the short project construction period and the infrequent vehicle site visits after construction.

As noted in Attachment 21 of the Application, the tower foundation engineering drawings must account for existing soil conditions. Thus, the corrective measure that will be used to overcome these low development potential ratings is that the tower foundation will be designed and constructed in compliance with ANSI standard ANSI/TIA-222-G, *Structural Standard for Antenna Supporting Structures and Antennas*, which among other things requires consideration of the soil survey results (*see* Attachment 17) and the soil geotechnical studies. These studies will be conducted on site once all necessary permits and approvals are secured for the project. These data are essential inputs for the tower foundation designs, and the engineering design will overcome any soils limitations on site.

Please refer to the attached email correspondence from the tower designer, Sabre Industries, which confirms that the soils at the tower location are appropriate for the design and construction of the tower foundation.

4. <u>Erosion, Sedimentation, and Drainage Control Measures</u>: Indicate the construction sequence/dated timeline sequence. The timeline must include construction of the development site, including stripping and clearing; rough grading; construction of utilities, infrastructure, and buildings; and final grading and landscaping. Sequencing must identify the expected date on which clearing will begin, the estimated duration of exposure of cleared areas, size of areas to be cleared, installation of temporary erosion and sediment control measures, and establishment of permanent vegetation.

Site construction is expected to commence within two weeks of LUPC approval of this application and completed within approximately 14-16 weeks of LUPC approval. Note that

any tree removal will be conducted outside of the Northern Long-Ear Bat pup season of June 1 to July 31. Construction of the proposed access road (including excavation, ditching, rough grading, and soil stabilization) will be sequenced by completing road work in approximately 300' segments. Construction of each such road segment will be completed and soils stabilized in approximately one week. Specifically, the construction sequence and estimated timeline for the site access road and tower facility will be as follows:

ESTIMATED TIMELINE (from date of permit issuance)	CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY SEQUENCE
Week 1	Clear area of trees along access road and within 100' x 100' area to be developed for tower facility, as necessary. Remove trees from site.
Weeks 2-8	 Construct access road in 300' segments, with each segment completed in approximately 1 week and consisting of the following sequence: Install silt fencing and hay bales at end of 300' road segment. Construct access road segment, including road excavation and road ditching, installation of culverts, installation of road subgrade soil and
	 installation of road surface soil. Install road segment stabilizing features, including ditch riprap, ditch check dams, road turnout aprons, geotextile, hay bales at road turnout effluent discharge areas, and provide seeding and mulch for access road ditching not covered with riprap.
Weeks 9-14	Construct 100' x 100' tower facility area, including excavation and filling work, tower foundation work, site electrical grounding, electric cable installation, phone cable/fiber installation, site crushed road surfacing and geotextile installation, and utility poles and cabling installation. The construction sequence for the tower facility area is as follows (note that some of these activities may be performed in parallel with other work activities):
	 Install silt fencing and hay bales around area to be excavated (1 day). Conduct area excavations, soil filling work of facility site area, and parking area (4 days). Excavate tower foundation area (2 days).
	 Construct tower foundation area (2 days). Construct tower foundation, modular platform piers, ice bridge piers, fencing piers, and electrical/phone cable trenches (2 weeks). Install underground electrical/phone cabling and underground site electric grounding system (2 weeks).
	 Install modular equipment platform and canopy, and ice bridge canopy (2 days). Backfill tower foundation area (1 day). Install geotextile fabric and crushed rock surfaces (1 day). Erect tower at site on tower foundation (1 week). Install utility poles and pole cabling to site (1 week).
	 Install site fencing (3 days). Final site grading, seeding, and mulching (2 days)

- 5. <u>Roadway Construction and Upgrades</u>: (A) Provide turnout information for a Class 2 roadway as outlined in Chapter 10 § 10.25,D,4,c. (B) Provide a construction access management plan for the ATV/Snowmobile trail as indicated by Chapter 10 § 10.25,D,1. (C) Wetland erosion control devices on the road do not appear to be present, see 10 § 10.27,D,1,a. (D) Filter strips on the road do not appear to meet the requirements for the slopes encountered. Submit explanatory information in reference to 10 § 10.27,D,1,e.
 - (A) <u>Turnout information</u> The access road has been designated by LUPC as a Class 2 Roadway. Based on Table 10.25,D-1, road turnouts are required every 500 feet, on average. The proposed road design satisfies this requirement. Specifically:
 - From road station no. 500' to 1100': 2 turnouts provided, with a turnout every 300' on average.
 - From 1100' to 1700': 3 turnouts provided, with a turnout every 200' on average.
 - From 1700' to 2000': 1 turnout provided, with a turnout every 300' on average.
 - From 2000' to 2600': 3 turnouts provided, with a turnout every 200' on average.
 - In total: 9 turnouts provided, with a turnout every 240' on average.
 - (B) <u>Construction access management plan</u> In accordance with Section 10.25,D,1, provision has been made for vehicular access to and within the project premises to avoid traffic congestion and safeguard against hazards. Specifically, as noted on page 45 of the Application, vehicular access to and circulation within the site will be infrequent and will require, at most, the use of 2 or 3 vehicles during heavy maintenance or troubleshooting events. Adequate vehicular turnaround is provided at the facility area to allow vehicles to exist the site without having to back onto Dallas Hill Road.

Construction will be phased such that the proposed roadway is constructed before the tower installation begins. During this construction phase, which is expected to last for 6 weeks, the use of the existing ATV/snowmobile trail will be restricted to a road construction crew composed of 3 vehicles. The existing slate pit area (including the existing parking area within the slate pit) will be used as temporary parking and turnaround areas for the safe and efficient handling of construction crew traffic. Thereafter, during the tower installation phase, which is expected to last for 6 weeks, the installation crew (composed of 3 vehicles) will utilize the new roadway and parking area for safe and efficient vehicular access to and circulation within the site.

- (C) <u>Wetland erosion control devices</u> The proposed access road and 100' x 100' tower site have been designed to avoid all downgradient stormwater discharges to non-tidal waterbodies and wetlands. Specifically, all access road turnouts, access road culverts, sediment barriers (proposed outlet aprons, silt fences), and developed site culvert stormwater discharges are all directed away from site-identified wetlands. Please refer to site plans C1 and C5 submitted with the Application. Silt fence/erosion control berm locations are shown on the site plan drawings, and are located parallel to the contour lines where water could run off from developed areas.
- (D) <u>Filter strips</u> Section 10.27,D,1,e provides that roads, drainage ditches, and turnouts must be located, constructed, and maintained to provide an undisturbed filter strip, of at least the width indicated in Table 10.27,D-1, between any exposed mineral soil and the upland edge of a wetland. The proposed access road, drainage ditches, and turnouts

have all been designed and configured to avoid exposing upland soil sedimentation transport to any P-WL1 wetland. Ditch turnouts are labeled on the site plan drawings, and the attached site drawings now identify the slope of the land at turnout locations as well as the distance to the upland edge of the nearest wetland or waterbody. The turnouts are located to provide undisturbed filter strip distances from access road turnout discharges to the upland edge of the nearest wetland or waterbody, in accordance with the requirements of Table 10.27,D-1.

6. <u>Phosphorus Control</u>: The tower creates a disturbed area of over one acre in the direct watershed of Haley Pond. Staff confirmed with the Maine Department of Environmental Protection that the tower is in the direct watershed of Haley Pond. Please provide the appropriate phosphorus control plan, phosphorus impact analysis, design and maintenance for the proposal as outlined in Chapter 10 § 10.25,L, a copy of which is attached.

Please refer to the attached Phosphorus Control Plan and related phosphorus worksheets prepared by Main-Land Development Consultants, dated May 20, 2021, and the attached Phosphorus Agreement between the applicant and landowner. In summary, the Phosphorus Control Plan concludes that the proposed phosphorus export (PPE) for the proposed development activity is 1.214 lbs./year. The applicant has entered into a Phosphorus Agreement with the landowner, which encumbers 1.214 lbs./year of the total phosphorus budget (PPB) available for the entire 117.89-acre parcel containing the leased area until such time that the development area is reclaimed.

7. <u>Wetlands:</u> The site work for the wetland delineation was completed January 28, 2021. Among other items, the onsite wetlands must be delineated on the ground, and presented in a site plan, using methods described in the "Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual." U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE). (1987) and the "Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region." U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. (Version 2.0, January 2012). The data submitted indicates only one plant species was observed and the seasonally saturated/flooded Palustrine Forested Needle Leaved Evergreen classification stated in the application does not appear to match up with the labeling of "PSS4Etn" in the document; no other information for the delineation was provided. To that end, please submit the ACOE data forms for each delineated wetland, indicate on a map the sampling sites, indicate which data forms correspond with each wetland, and clarify the classification of each wetland. Also, complete Supplement S-3 attached, and complete the requirements outlined in Supplement S-3 for the appropriate Tier review.

Please refer to the attached updated Natural Resources Report prepared by Main-Land Development Consultants, dated May 21, 2021, which includes the requested ACOE data forms, and the attached Supplement S-3 form.

8. <u>Tower Failure Evaluation</u>: Please indicate the lease area and tower base setback from the D-RS3 subdistrict.

The shortest distance of the closest boundary of the lease area to the closest boundary of the D-RS3 subdistrict is 25 feet. The tower base is proposed to be set back 93 feet from the closest boundary of the D-RS3 subdistrict.

9. <u>Harmonious Fit and Natural Character</u>: See attached Memorandum concerning "Staff Comments on the Visual Impacts Assessment for the Proposed Communications Tower in Dallas Plantation" dated April 14, 2021 for additional submittal requirements in reference to harmonious fit and natural character.

Responses to this memorandum will be provided under separate cover.

ATTACHMENTS:

- Technical Capability: Professional Resume of Eric Whitney
- Electricity: CMP Ability to Serve Letter (dated May 17, 2021)
- Soil Suitability: E-mail Correspondence from Sabre Industries (dated May 24, 2021)
- Roadway Construction and Upgrades (Filter Strips): Site Plan Drawings (revised to identify slope of land at ditch turnout locations and distance to upland edge of nearest wetland or waterbody)
- Phosphorus Control:
 - Phosphorus Control Plan, including worksheets (dated May 20, 2021)
 - Phosphorus Agreement (dated June 2, 2021)
- Wetlands:
 - Natural Resources Report, including ACOE Data Forms (dated May 21, 2021)
 - Supplement S-3
- Corrections to Application Materials:
 - Corrected page 3 to Permit Application (pp. 24 of Application)
 - Corrected Response to S2-J (p. 50 of Application)
 - Corrected Site Location and Zoning Maps (pp. 54 & 55 of Application)

and the second design of the s	POSED USE se: What is the	And the second s		The second s		ES							
Commercia	al or Industrial	□ Public (: Other: _⊺	elecommuni	cations Fa	acility					
New Structu If YES, fill in a	res : Will you b a line on the ta	e constructin able below for	g or insta each ne	alling any w structur	new struc re.	tures or	n your p	property	?			🖪 Yes	i No
Tura	structure				Numb	per of:	Tv	pe of	Distan	ce(in fe	et) of stru	cture from	nearest:
(Office Buildin	ig, Rental Cabin, shed, etc.)		or dimen (LxWxH)	sions	Bedrooms	Plumbing or water fixtures	Four (full ba	dation asement, ost, etc.)	Road	line		Rive	
300' Lat	tice Tower	25'	X 25' X 3	00'	0	0	Cor	ncrete	2000'	300'	6000	•	
8' Fence	Around Site		75' X 75'				p	osts	1950'	262'		•	
Other Prene	sed Features	If you are pr	onooina	o odd on	v of those	footuro	 	le off the	facture	 			
Driveways	Dimensions Shared drive Distance of c	(LxW): way?	2110' X	12' □ N		✓Park area	ing	Numbe	er of parki sions (Lx)	ng area N):	IS: 1 20' X		
	Property line	Lake or pond	River or s	tream	Wetland	a demonstrative advances		Roa	Prop d lir		Lake or pond	River or stream	Wetland
	10'	6000'						2000)' 25	i0'	6000'		
	greater than Will the drive flowing wate	Will the driveway have a slope greater than 8%? ■ Yes Will the driveway cross any flowing water? □ Yes If YES, what type of crossings will be used? □ Pridge = Cultert					standards Distance of signs (in feet) from advertis				Yes 📕 N dvertised	lo	
	will be used? □ Bridge □ Culvert Will crossings be sized at least 2½ times the cross-sectional area of the flowing water? □ Yes □ No							What features of the signs exceed LURC standards' On Site Safety and Regulatory Signs only. See attached sign info				ed sign info	
UWater supply	What type of		will serv		perty?		W		Why do the signs need to exceed LURC standards?				andards?
Exterior lighting	List the fixtur property:	es that will b	e installe					Sec. Sec.			ird to traffi gn elemer	ic? □ Ye nts (color,	es ⊡ No bulk,
	Туре о	f bulb	Watts	Cutoff fixture?	Motion activated?	>						tible with t	
	tower light	ting only						proper	ly and lift	armon	iousiy into	the surro	unuings?
	see draw	ings for											
	tower ligh	ting info											

8. SEWAGE DISPOSAL FOR NEW AND ALTERED STRUCTURES

Will any proposed new or altered structures include bedrooms, bathrooms or plumbing/water fixtures, or otherwise			1000
generate waste water?	□ Yes	📕 No	

9. WETLAND ALTERATIONS

Will your proposal alter any amount of land that is a mapped P-WL subdistrict or any ground below the normal high			
water mark of a lake, pond, river, stream, or intertidal area?	□ Yes	No	
Will your proposal alter an acre or more of any land area, either upland or wetland?	📕 Yes	No	

10. DEVELOPMENT IN FLOOD PRONE AREAS

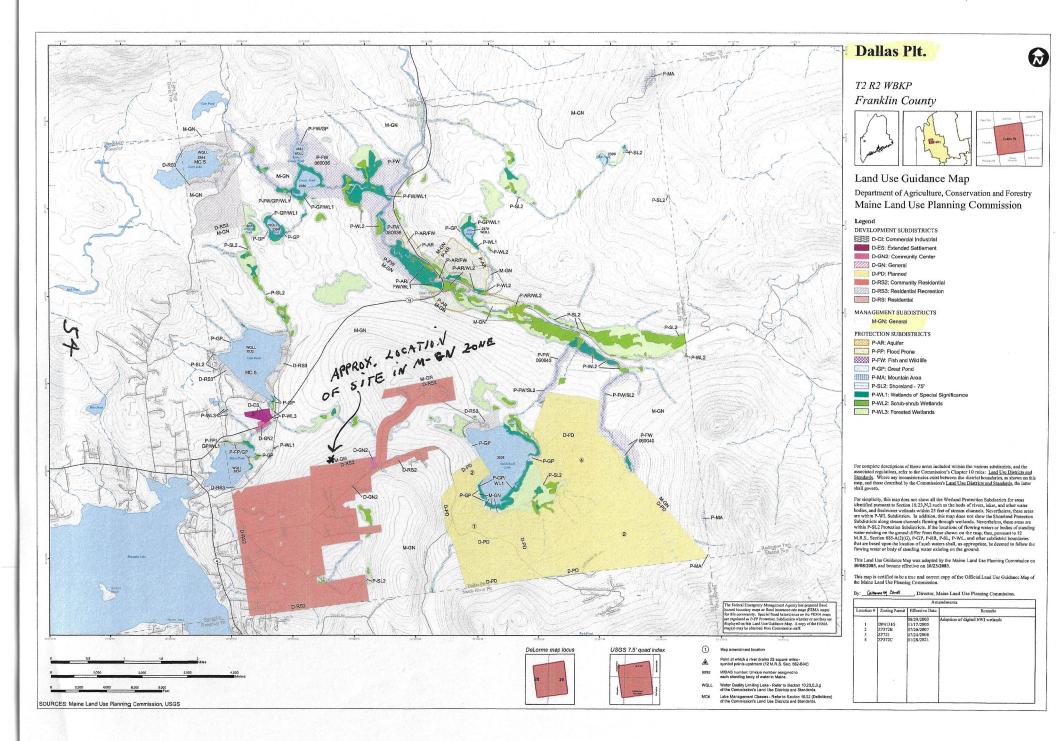
Is your proposed activity located within a mapped P-FP (Flood Prone Area Protection) Subdistrict, a mapped FEMA		
(Federal Emergency Management Agency) flood zone, or an unmapped area prone to flooding?	Yes	📕 No

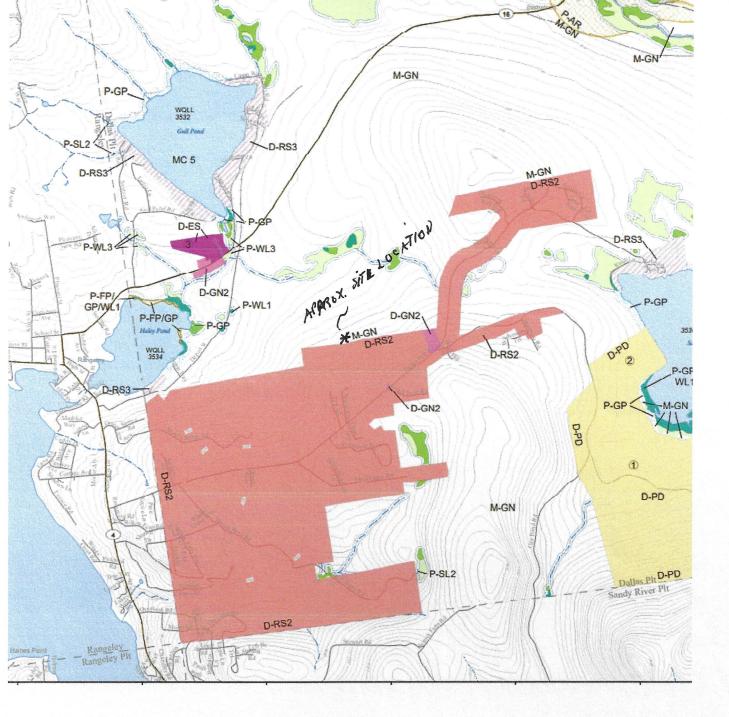
S2-I. ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Black Diamond has conducted a Historic Preservation – Section 106 evaluation on the proposed project and has determine that it is unlikely that significant archaeological resources are present and that survey for archaeological resources is not necessary. Please refer to Attachment (11) for additional information.

S2-J. PHOSPHORUS CONTROL.

The proposed project will create a disturbed area of more than one acre within the direct watershed of a lake or pond. Please refer to the attached Phosphorus Control Plan and related phosphorus worksheets prepared by Main-Land Development Consultants, dated May 20, 2021, and the attached Phosphorus Agreement between the applicant and landowner, dated June 2, 2021. In summary, the Phosphorus Control Plan concludes that the proposed phosphorus export (PPE) for the proposed development activity is 1.214 lbs./year. The applicant has entered into a Phosphorus Agreement with the landowner, which encumbers 1.214 lbs./year of the total phosphorus budget (PPB) available for the entire 117.89-acre parcel containing the leased area until such time that the development area is reclaimed.







ERIC R.T. WHITNEY, S.S., L.S.E. *Project Environmental Scientist*

EDUCATION

- 2017 University of Rhode Island B.S. Environmental Sciences and Management *Minor in Environmental Soil Science*
- 2012 South Kingstown High School South Kingstown, Rhode Island

PROFESSIONAL

- Licensed Site Evaluator #418
- Licensed Soil Scientist #610
- ACOE Wetland Delineator

Employment History

5/2017 - Present	MAIN-LAND Development Consultants, Inc.
	2020: Project Environmental Scientist
	2017: Staff Environmental Scientist
Summer of 2016	Briggs Engineering

Briggs Engineering Soil & Aggregate Inspection & Physical Testing

PROJECT EXPERIENCE

- Grover Hill Subdivision Bethel, Maine
 Permit Application Writing
- Hannaford's Supermarket Mechanic Falls, Maine *Natural Resource Delineation*
- Augusta West Kampground Winthrop, Maine
 Septic design assistance and site plan drafting
- Numerous soil classification and mapping projects

Organizations

- Maine Association of Professional Soil Scientists (MAPSS)
- Soil Scientists of Southern New England (SSSNE)
- Maine Association of Site Evaluators (MASE)
- Maine Association of Wetland Scientists (MAWS)



Mr. Patrick Robinson Vice President - Project Management 197 Loudon Rd. Suite 150 Concord, New Hampshire 03301

Single Phase Service for a new WIRELESS PARTNERS FN LLC Tower off Dallas Hill Road in Dallas Plantation near pole 127, SAP #, CMP Acct #30013225070

Sent via email: probinson@wireless-partnersllc.com

RE: Ability to Serve Letter for WIRELESS PARTNERS FN LLC Tower off Dallas Hill Road, Dallas Plantation ME.

Dear Mr. Robinson:

CMP has the ability to serve the proposed facility expansion at off Dallas Hill Road in Dallas Plantation (see CMP Handbook web link below).

CMP can provide you the desired pole mounted transformer to be requested in accordance with CMP Standards Handbook and the present Terms & Conditions of the Power Line Extension Policy. If you have any questions on the process, or need help in completion of CMP documents, please feel free to contact me.

To initiate the CMP process when final site plans and electric load information is available; please contact CMP by calling 1-800-565-3181 to establish an SAP job number.

This process can take many months, depending upon several factors including transformer delivery, potential substation upgrades, return of completed paperwork, and other jobs in the system that may be ahead of yours. In addition, contact with the other utilities, including telephone and cable, should be commenced as soon as practical. These utilities may have additional work or charges in addition to the CMP work required to bring your project on-line.

For your convenience, here is a link to the CMP Website which contains our Handbook with details on most service requirements:

www.cmpco.com/handbook

If you have any questions, please contact me.

Regards,

Richard Delaney



Richard Delaney – ESS II 740 Main Street, Lewiston, Maine 04240 Telephone 207 629-4516

richard.delaney@cmpco.com

Page 1 of 1 CMP Co. 740 Main Street Lewiston, ME 04240 Tel: 1-800-750-4000

www.cmpco.com



Take care of the environment. Print in black and white and only if necessary.

Internal Use

Jim Hebert

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject: TODD RICH <TRICH@wireless-partnersllc.com> Monday, May 24, 2021 3:01 PM Jim Hebert Megan McGuire Fwd: Soil Report and Soil Map on Dallas

See below comments

Todd Rich

Begin forwarded message:

From: "Joshua D. Schlesser" <jdschlesser@sabreindustries.com> Date: May 24, 2021 at 2:44:46 PM EDT To: TODD RICH <TRICH@wireless-partnersllc.com> Subject: RE: Soil Report and Soil Map on Dallas

Hey Todd,

We can design a foundation for a 300' SST at this site upon receipt of a geo report. These soils are completely fine for us to build a tower and foundation design for this site location.

Thanks,

Josh Schlesser Southeast Sales Manager

Sabre Industries

7101 Southbridge Drive Sioux City, Iowa 51111 D: 712-224-1682 C: 712-389-2428 jdschlesser@sabreindustries.com



P.O. BOX Q LIVERMORE FALLS, ME 04254 Tel: (207) 897-6752/FAX: (207) 897-5404 WWW.MAIN-LANDDCI.COM

NATURAL RESOURCES REPORT Dallas Hill Road, Dallas Plantation, Maine

Updated May 21, 2021

INTRODUCTION

Natural resource mapping was performed by Main-Land Development Consultants (MLDC) to determine potential natural resource features on the project site. The project site is located in Dallas Plantation, Maine and is on Dallas Plantation Road on a lot containing an existing bedrock quarry. The area of proposed development was reviewed for natural resources. Wetland delineation, stream identification, and cursory vernal pool screening were included in this mapping process.

METHODOLGY

Preliminary Data

Prior to performing the field delineation, steps were taken to gather preliminary data on the project site. Data made available by the Maine Office of GIS was consulted, this data included National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) wetlands, USDA Natural Resource Conservation Soil Survey Maps, and digital aerial photography. A Class A & L High Intensity Soil Survey was conducted by MLDC prior to this natural resource survey, the data from this Soil Survey was utilized.

Wetland and Stream Delineation

On January 28th, 2021, a natural resource survey was performed within the proposed area of development. Wetlands were identified/delineated in accordance with the *1987 Federal Manual for Identifying and Delineating Jurisdictional Wetlands* and the *2012 Regional Supplement to The Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region.* On May 17th, 2021 a second site visit was performed to verify wetlands and gather further data. Eric Whitney, L.S.E, S.S. marked wetland boundaries with flagging at an average interval of 25 feet and the alpha numeric flags were located with Sub-meter handheld Trimble GPS Unit. All the wetlands identified contain the three required elements of a wetland: hydric soils, hydrophytic vegetation, and hydrology indicators.

The stream delineation methodology follows the guidance provided by the Maine DEP Natural Resource Protection Act (NRPA) "*Identification Guide for Rivers, Streams, and Brooks*", and the definition of a stream in Maine State Statute, as follows:

River, stream or brook. "River, stream or brook" means a channel between defined banks. A channel is created by the action of surface water and has 2 or more of the following characteristics.

A. It is depicted as a solid or broken blue line on the most recent edition of the U.S. Geological Survey 7.5-minute series topographic map or, if that is not available, a

15-minute series topographic map.

B. It contains or is known to contain flowing water continuously for a period of at least 6 months of the year in most years.

C. The channel bed is primarily composed of mineral material such as sand and gravel, parent material or bedrock that has been deposited or scoured by water.

D. The channel contains aquatic animals such as fish, aquatic insects or mollusks in the water or, if no surface water is present, within the stream bed.

E. The channel contains aquatic vegetation and is essentially devoid of upland vegetation.

"River, stream or brook" does not mean a ditch or other drainage way constructed, or constructed and maintained, solely for the purpose of draining storm water or a grassy swale.

Wetland and Stream features are classified using the *Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States, Cowardin et al.* 1979.

Cursory Vernal Pool Survey

A cursory vernal pool survey was complete using guides and standards established by the DEP and Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE). Significant Vernal Pools are defined by the NRPA as "*naturally occurring, temporary or semi-permanent pools that provide habitat for a specific abundance of vernal pool amphibian species*". If any potential vernal pools were identified during this review, then a full survey (amphibian breeding area survey) during the Spring must be completed.

RESULTS

Project Area Overview

The proposed area of development involves a Communications Tower accessed by a proposed gravel road. The proposed area is in a forested area surrounding a bedrock quarry. An existing ATV and snowmobile trail crosses through the project site towards the northwest. At the time of the survey the proposed access road utilizes the existing bedrock quarry and ATV trail, and the Communications Tower site is located in forested area that was recently harvested for timber. Soils within the project site consist of silt loam textured glacial basal till.

Wetlands

The following section describes wetland features found during the survey. Within the project area wetland complexes were identified. All wetlands identified within the proposed area of development are classified as Seasonally saturated/flooded Palustrine Forested Needle Leaved Evergreen (PFO4Etn) The dominate species of vegetation that was observed within this wetland type was *Abies balsamea*. Wetlands delineated along the existing ATV trail were often associated with culvert crossings beneath the trail. Please see the associated Wetland Determination Form with this report.

Streams

During the survey there were no NRPA streams identified around the proposed area of development. A man-made drainage ditch and water bars associated with the ATV trail were observed but did not exhibit the required criteria to be characterized as a NRPA stream.

Vernal Pools

At the time of the cursory vernal pool survey there were no potential vernal pools identified.

SUMMARY

A natural resource survey by MLDC for the project site was completed on January 28th, 2021 and May 17th 2021. Within the project area **wetlands were identified during the survey**. A wetland complex was identified, which is classified as palustrine forested. **No potential vernal pools or NRPA stream segments were identified** in the project area during the survey.

Please find attached associated photos (photos taken during soil survey field work on October 20th, 2020) and site plan depicting locations of environmental features.

Eric Whitne

Eric R.T. Whitney S.S., L.S.E 2/22/2021 Revised 5/21/2021





Natural Resource Survey Dallas Hill Road, Dallas Plantation, Maine

Updated May 27, 2021



Photo 1. Existing ATV/Snow mobile trail.



Photo 2. Approximate proposed location of Communications Tower





Natural Resource Survey Dallas Hill Road, Dallas Plantation, Maine



Photo 3. Proposed access road from existing quarry to ATV trail.



Photo 4. Delineated Palustrine Forested wetland complex.





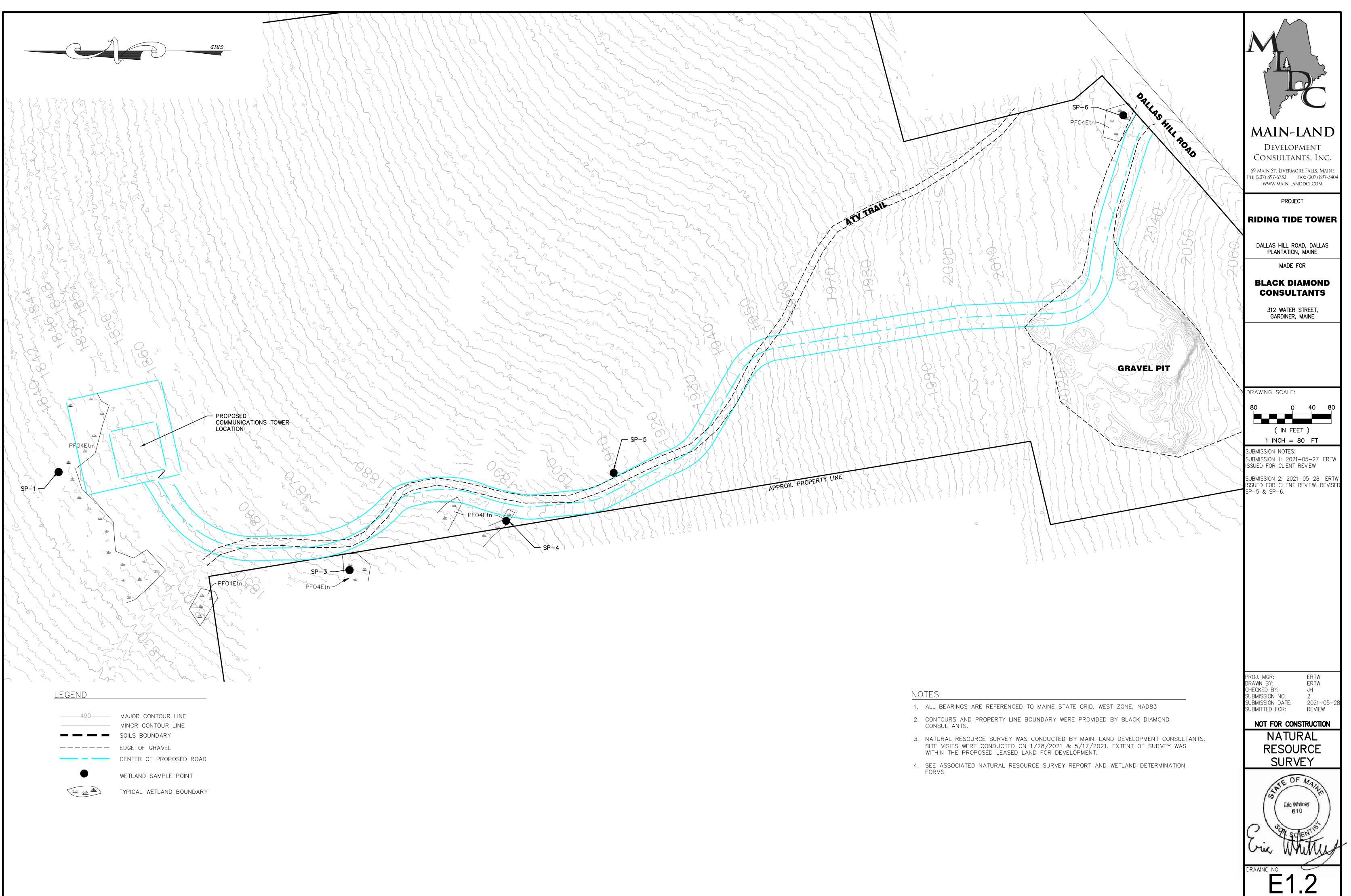


Photo 5. Sample Point 1 (SP-1).



Photo 6. Sample Point 4 (SP-4).





MLDC NO. 20-291

1 OF

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Rising Tide Tower	_ City/County: Dallas Plantation TWP Sampling Date: May 17, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Black Diamond Consultants	City/County: Dallas Plantation TWP Sampling Date: May 17, 2021 State: ME Sampling Point: SP-1
	Section, Township, Range
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR Lat: N044° 58'	Ocal relief (concave, convex, none): Slope (%): 8 12.60" Long: W070° 36' 20.38" Datum: ME-WF
Soil Map Unit Name:	NWI classification:
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of	year? Yes X No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
	thy disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology , naturally r	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showin	ng sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate rep	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes No
Community type: Forested wetland	20F1.)
See associated site map and natural resource	e report
HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required: check all that apply	/) Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
	d Leaves (B9) Drainage Patterns (B10)
High Water Table (A2)	
Saturation (A3)	
	Ifide Odor (C1) Crayfish Burrows (C8)
	zospheres on Living Roots (C3)
	Reduced Iron (C4) X Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
	Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
I LI Iron Deposits (B5)	
	in in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (incho	ae). 0
Water Table Present? Yes X No Depth (inch	
Saturation Present? Yes No Depth (inche (includes capillary fringe)	es): wetland Hydrology Present? Tes [No]
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial pho	otos, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: ______SP-1

				I.
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?		Dominance Test worksheet:
Abies balsamea	30	Y	FAC	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL EACW(or EAC: 2 (A)
2 Betula alleghaniensis	10		FAC	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)
3. Acer rubrum	10		FAC	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata; 3 (B)
4. Thuga occidentalis	20		FACW	
				Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>66</u> (A/B)
5				
6,				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7	70			Total % Cover of:Multiply by:
15'		= Total Cov	/er	OBL species x 1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')	00		CLOW	FACW species x 2 =
1. Alnus incana	20		FACW	FAC species
2. Abies balsamea	30	<u>Y</u>	FAC	FACU species x 4 = UPL species x 5 =
3. Populus balsamifera	10		FACW	Column Totals; (A) (B)
4 Thuga occidentalis	10		FACW	
5				Prevalence Index = B/A =
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7.				Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	70	= Total Cov		Dominance Test is >50%
Unit Obstance (Distributed 5		- 10(d) 00v		Prevalence Index is <3.0
<u>Herb Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>5</u>) 1. Sphagnum L.	80	Y	FACU	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2 Carex arctata	10		FACW	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
3	,	<u></u>		
4				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7				at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8				Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9,				and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11;				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12,				Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	90	= Total Cov	er	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)				· · · · ·
1,				
2,				
3				Hydrophytic
4				Vegetation
		= Total Cov	er er	Present? Yes X No
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s				Į
Sample point is within an area that has		arvester	t for tim	her
oumple point is within an area that has	beenne			

SOIL

Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 (A198) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 1498) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 14	Solor (moist) % Type! Loc2 Texture Remarks YR 2/1 Silt Loam Silt Loam
0-12 10YR 2/1 Silt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM M 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM M Silt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM M Silt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM M Silt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM M Silt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM Silt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM Silt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM Silt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM Silt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 Silt Loam 10 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 Silt Loam 10 14/47 14 14 14 14 14 14 501 10 10 10 10 10	YR 2/1 Silt Loam 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM M 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM Silt Loam 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 R Image: Constant State Constant Constant Constant Constant State Constant State Constant State Constant State Constant State Constant State Constant
12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM M Silt Loam Image: Stript of the structure o	5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM M Silt Loam 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM Silt Loam 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 RM Silt Loam 5/2 10 10 R Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solis ³ : 10 10 MIRA 149B Sitt Loam Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solis ³ : 10 10 MIRA 149B Scators for Problematic Hydric Solis ³ : 11 10 RK X L, R Scators for Problematic Hydric Solis ³ : 12 10 Muck 149B Scators for Problematic Hydric Solis ³ : 11 10 RK X L, R Scators for Problematic Hydric Solis ³ : 12 10 Muck 149B Scators for Problematic Hydric Solis ³ : 11 10 10 Scators for Problemat
Image: Solution of the second seco	Image: stration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ³ Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Intration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ³ Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Intration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ³ Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Intration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ³ Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Intration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ³ Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Intration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ³ Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Intration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ³ Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Intration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ³ Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Intration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ³ Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Intration, D=Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L, R) Dark Surface (S1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S3) (LRR K, L) Intration, Depleted Matrix (F3) Depleted Matrix (F3) Dark Surface (S3) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Intration, Marganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Dark Surface (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Dark Surface (S3) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Redox Depressions (F8) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Very Shallow Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Informatic Matrix (F3) Informomangenese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR 144A, 144 Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Redox Depressions (F8) 3 Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed):	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Informatic Matrix (F3) Informomangenese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR 144A, 144 Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Redox Depressions (F8) 3 Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed):	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Informatic Matrix (F3) Informomangenese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR 144A, 144 Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Redox Depressions (F8) 3 Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed):	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Informatic Matrix (F3) Informomangenese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR 144A, 144 Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Redox Depressions (F8) 3 Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed):	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Informatic (F3) Informore (F6)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Stratified Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Nesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Poblematic.	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Informatic Matrix (F3) Informomangenese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Stratified Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Nesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Poblematic.	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Informatic Matrix (F3) Informomangenese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Redox Depressions (F8) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Very Shallow Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Informatic Matrix (F3) Informomangenese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Redox Depressions (F8) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Very Shallow Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Info Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Info Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Info Dark Surface (S1) A3 Dark Surface (S1) Dark Surface (S1) Info Dark Surface (S2) Info Dark Surface (S2) (LRR K, L) Info Dark Surface (S2) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR Polyvalue Below Dark Surface (S1) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Nesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Info Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Info Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Info Dark Surface (S1) A3 Dark Surface (S1) Dark Surface (S1) Info Dark Surface (S2) Info Dark Surface (S2) (LRR K, L) Info Dark Surface (S2) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Redox Depressions (F8) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Very Shallow Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Informatic Matrix (F3) Informomangenese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Redox Depressions (F8) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Very Shallow Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Informatic Matrix (F3) Informomangenese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14 Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, Doark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Redox Depressions (F8) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Very Shallow Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Matrix (F3) Informatic Matrix (F3) Informomangenese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydric Soil Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) Q cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 14) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR Polyvalue Below Dark Surface (S1) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Nesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Red Parent Material (F21) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ : Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, On (A2) MLRA 149B) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) A3 Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S1) As Depleted Matrix (F3) Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Inon Dark Surface (S1) Inon-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histoc Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Redox (S5) Redox Depressions (F8) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Brindicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	 Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) D ark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) D ark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) D ark Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) D ark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, L) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144B, 144B, 144B) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Other (Explain in Remarks)	MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) A6) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Bride (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Bride (A4) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Brow Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Bredox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) X Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR 144A, 144 Sandy Redox (S5) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Stripped Matrix (S6) Stripped Matrix (S6) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Other (Explain in Remarks)	A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) ers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) ow Dark Surface (A11) X Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) urface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR I) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR A 144A, 144, 144, 144, 144, 144, 144, 1	fide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) ers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) ow Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) urface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR I) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR A 144A, 144, 144, 144, 144, 144, 144, 1	ers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) ow Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) urface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLR Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	urface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R)
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLF Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 144 Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Image: Comparison of the compariso	
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Sandy Redox (S5) Red Parent Material (F21) Stripped Matrix (S6) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed):	
Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed):	
Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed):	
Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed):	
³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed):	
Restrictive Layer (if observed):	
	(if observed):
Type: N/A	
Depth (inches): No	Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No
Remarks:	

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Rising Tide Tower	City/County: Dalla	as Plantation TWP	Sampling Date: May 17, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Black Diamond Consultants	City/County: Dalla	State: ME	Sampling Point: SP-3
CDTM	Section, Township		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR Lat:	N044* 58' 06.63"	Long: W070° 36' 23.12"	Datum: ME-WF
Soil Map Unit Name:			outum:
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for			
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology		Are "Normal Circumstances" pr	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answer	s in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site m	ap showing sampling poi	nt locations, transects,	important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a Community type: Forested wetland			
See associated site map and natura	l resource report		
HYDROLOGY			
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicat	ors (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check	k all that apply)	Surface Soil 0	Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	🔀 Drainage Pati	
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lir	nes (B16)
Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)	Dry-Season V	Vater Table (C2)
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burr	ows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living F	Roots (C3) 📙 Saturation Vis	sible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	=	ressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled So	· · = · ·	
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquit	· · ·
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)		phic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		FAC-Neutral	Test (D5)
Field Observations:			
Surface Water Present? Yes X No	Depth (inches): 0		
Water Table Present? Yes X No	Depth (inches): 0		
Saturation Present? Yes X No	Depth (inches): 0	Wetland Hydrology Presen	t? Yes No X
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring v	vell, aerial photos, previous inspec	tions), if available:	
Remarks:			

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: SP

· · · ·	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30'</u>)		Species?		Dominance Test worksheet:
Abies balsamea	60	Y	FAC	Number of Dominant Species
		<u> </u>		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> (A)
2. Betula alleghaniensis	20		FAC	Total Number of Dominant
3. Thuga occidentalis			FACW	Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/B)
6				
-				Prevalence Index worksheet:
/	75			Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	75	= Total Cov	/er	OBL species x 1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')				FACW species x 2 =
1. Abies balsamea	40	Y	FAC	FAC species x 3 =
2				FACU species x 4 =
				UPL species x 5 =
3				Column Totals: (A) (B)
4		·		Droveleppe ladey - D/A r
5,	·			Prevalence Index = B/A =
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7				Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	40	= Total Cov	er	Dominance Test is >50%
11-11-01-11-15 5		- 10(01004		Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5) 1 Carex arctata	20		FACW	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting
	·			data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2. Osmundastrum cinnamomeum	30	<u>Y</u>	FACW	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
3. Sphagnum L.	20		FAC	1
4				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5				
				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7,	·			at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8				Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9				and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10				Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12	400			Woody vines – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.
	100	= Total Cov	er	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)				
1				
2				
3				Hydrophytic Vegetation
4				Present? Yes X No
		= Total Cov	er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s	heet.)			

SOIL

Depth Matrix Redox Fedures (inches) Color (moist) % Type Loc" Texture Remarks 0-12 10YR 2/1			to the dep				or confirm	n the absence of indicators.)	
0-12 10YR 2/1 Sitt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 C M Sitt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 C M Sitt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 C M Sitt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 C M Sitt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 C M Sitt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 0 M Sitt Loam Image: Sitt Loam 12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 0 C M Sitt Loam Image: Sitt Lit Sitt Loam Image: Sitt Lit	•		%				1 oc ²	Texture Remarks	
12-24 5Y 5/2 10YR 4/3 10 C M Silt Loam Image: Spit Constraints of the spit of t									· · ·
Image: Solution in the second state				402/02 4/0	40				
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Present? Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No No	12-24	5Y 5/2		10YR 4/3	10	<u> </u>	<u>M</u>	Silt Loam	
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Present? Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No No									
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Present? Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No No									
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Present? Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No No					·		<u>.</u>	·····	
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Present? Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No No									
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Present? Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No No									
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Present? Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No No				-					
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Present? Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No No			·	·					
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 1449B) Nesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Sandy Redox (S5) Negative field Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. No Restrictive Layer (If observed): Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 No									
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 1449B) Nesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Sandy Redox (S5) Negative field Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. No Restrictive Layer (If observed): Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 No									
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 1449B) Nesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Sandy Redox (S5) Negative field Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. No Restrictive Layer (If observed): Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 No									
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Present? Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No No									
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) 3Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Present? Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No No									
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 1449B) Sandy Redox (S5) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (F21) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Yes No No No									
Hydric Soll Indicators: Indicators for Problematic Hydric Solls ³ : Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) S cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Thin Dark Surface (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 1449B) Nesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Sandy Redox (S5) Negative field Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. No Restrictive Layer (If observed): Yes No No Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 No	¹ Type: C=C	oncentration D=Den	letion RM		S=Covere	d or Coate	d Sand G	rains ² l ocation: Pl =Pore Linion	M=Matrix
Histosol (A1) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR R, Histic Epipedon (A2) 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (F6) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 1448, 145, 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144B) Sandy Redox (S5) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydric Soil Present? Yes No mestrictive Layer (If observed): Type: YES No No Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes No No					<u>J-004010</u>			Indicators for Problematic Hydri	
Histic Epipedon (A2) MLRA 149B) Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) Black Histic (A3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (F6) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Stripped Matrix (S6) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144B) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Redox Depressions (F8) *Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: YES Deptht (inches): 24	<u> </u>			Polyvalue Belo	w Surface	(S8) (LR	R R.		
Hydrogen Sulfide (A4) Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR K, L) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L) Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Sandy Redox (S5) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydric Soil Present? Yes No Medic Soil Present? Yes No No				<u> </u>			,		
Stratified Layers (A5) Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2) Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L) Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) No Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Polyvalue Selow Present? Yes No Metric Soil Present? Yes No No	Black H	istic (A3)		Thin Dark Surfa	ace (S9) (LRR R, M	LRA 149E	 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) 	(LRR K, L, R)
Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11) X Depleted Matrix (F3) Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L) X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Stripped Matrix (S6) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Present? Yes X No Meric Soil Present? Yes X No No Meric Soil Present? Yes X No							i, L)		
X Thick Dark Surface (A12) Redox Dark Surface (F6) Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) Sandy Redox (S5) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Stripped Matrix (S6) Redox Depressions (F8) Red Parent Material (F21) Very Shallow Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: YES Depth (inches): 24		• · ·				2)			
Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) Depleted Dark Surface (F7) Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B) Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B) Stripped Matrix (S6) Red Parent Material (F21) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: YES Depth (inches): 24			e (A11)			、			
Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4) Redox Depressions (F8) Sandy Redox (S5) Red Parent Material (F21) Stripped Matrix (S6) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: YES Depth (inches): 24									
Sandy Redox (S5) Red Parent Material (F21) Stripped Matrix (S6) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No									
Stripped Matrix (S6) Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Dark Surface (S7) (LRR R, MLRA 149B) Other (Explain in Remarks) ³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No									,,
³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No									F12)
Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No	Dark Su	urface (S7) (LRR R, N	ILRA 149	B)				Other (Explain in Remarks)	
Restrictive Layer (if observed): Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No	1								
Type: YES Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No				etland hydrology mu	st be pres	ent, unles	s disturbe	d or problematic.	
Depth (inches): 24 Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No									
	Type: <u> </u>								
Remarks:	Depth (in	iches): <u>24</u>						Hydric Soil Present? Yes	
	Remarks:								

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Rising Tide Tower	City/County: Dallas Plantation TWP Sampling Date: May 17, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Black Diamond Consultants	City/County: Dallas Plantation TWP Sampling Date: May 17, 2021 State: ME Sampling Point: SP-4
E-12-12-67	Section, Township, Range:
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR	Local relief (concave, convex, none): Slope (%): 10 at: N044° 58' 03.45" Long: W070° 36' 21.67" Datum: ME-WF
Soil Map Unit Name:	NWI classification:
	I for this time of year? Yes No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology	significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No
	naturally problematic? (if needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
• , •	map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Hydric Soil Present? Wetland Hydrology Present? Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or Community type: Forested wetland Wetland complex is associated with See associated site map and natu	No X If yes, optional Wetland Site ID:
HYDROLOGY	
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; ch	
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13) Moss Trim Lines (B16) Marl Deposits (B15) Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
X Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7) Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (87)	Other (Explain in Remarks) Microtopographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations:	
Surface Water Present? Yes X No	Depth (inches): 0
Water Table Present? Yes X No	Depth (inches): 0 Depth (inches): 0 Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X
Saturation Present? Yes No	Depth (inches): 0 Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No X
	g well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:
Remarks:	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: ______SP-4

30'	Absolute	Dominant		Dominance Test worksheet:
<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30'</u>) 1. Abies balsamea	<u>% Cover</u> 60	<u>Species?</u> Y	<u>Status</u> FAC	Number of Dominant Species
2 Betula alleghaniensis	20		FAC	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3 (A)
3 Thuga occidentalis	20		FACW	Total Number of Dominant
				Species Across All Strata: <u>5</u> (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/B)
6,				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7				Total % Cover of:Multiply by:
	75	= Total Cov	er	OBL species x 1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')				FACW species x 2 =
1. Abies balsamea	40	Y	FAC	FAC species x 3 =
2				FACU species x 4 =
3				UPL species x 5 =
				Column Totals: (A) (B)
4				Prevalence Index = B/A =
5	·			
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7.				Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	40	= Total Cov	er	Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5				Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
1. Carex arctata	20	Y	FACW	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2. Osmundastrum cinnamomeum	10		FACW	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
3. Sphagnum L.	10		FAC	
4				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
				· · · ·
5				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7				at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8,	·			Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9				and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10				Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11			·	of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	40	= Total Cov	er	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)				
1				1
2	- <u> </u>			
3	·			Hydrophytic Vegetation
4.				Vegetation Present? Yes No
		= Total Cov	er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s	sheet.)			

SOIL

Profile Des	ription: (Describe t	o the dep	oth needed to docu	ment the	indicator	or confirm	n the absence	of indicators.)
Depth (inches)	Matrix Color (moist)	%		x Feature	s Type ¹	Loc ²	Tautura	Domoto
<u>(inches)</u> 0-12	10YR 2/1	%	Color (moist)	%		LOC_	Texture Loamy Sand	Remarks Drainage ditch desposit
12-24	5Y 5/2		10YR 4/3	10	<u> </u>	<u>M</u>	Silt Loam	
			· · · ·					
			<u></u>					
				-				
<u> </u>								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	oncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM	=Reduced Matrix, CS	S=Covere	d or Coate	ed Sand G		cation: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil				0	(00) /I DI		_	s for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol	(A1) pipedon (A2)		Polyvalue Belo MLRA 1498		e (S8) (LRI	к к ,		Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R)
	istic (A3)			Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R)				
	en Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Mucky I					Surface (S7) (LRR K, L)
	d Layers (A5)		Loamy Gleyed		2)			alue Below Surface (S8) (LRR K, L)
	d Below Dark Surface	e (A11)	Depleted Matrix					Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)
	ark Surface (A12)		Redox Dark Su					Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR K, L, R) nont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149B)
	Aucky Mineral (S1) Gleyed Matrix (S4)		Depleted Dark					: Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A, 145, 149B)
	Redox (S5)							Parent Material (F21)
	Matrix (S6)						Very S	Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
Dark Su	rface (S7) (LRR R, N	ILRA 149	B)				U Other	(Explain in Remarks)
³ Indicators o	f hydrophytic vegetat	ion and w	otland hydrology mus	at ha proc	opt uplos	. disturbo	d or problemati	
	Layer (if observed):	ion and w	eliand hydrology niu:	st be pres	ent, unies	saisturbe	u or problemati	
Type: YE								
	04						Hydric Soi	I Present? Yes X No
Depth (in	cnes):						- Hydrie ooi	
Remarks:								

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Rising Tide Tower	City/County: Dallas Plantati	on TWP Sar	npling Date: May 17, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Black Diamond Consultants	City/County: Dallas Plantati	State: ME	Sampling Point: SP-5
EDTM	Section, Township, Range:		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	Local relief (concave, convex, no	ne):	Slope (%): 10
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR	Lat: N044° 58' 01.22" Long: W0	70° 36' 20.36"	Datum: ME-WF
Soil Map Unit Name:		NWI classification	1:
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typic	al for this time of year? Yes 🔀 No	(If no, explain in Rema	rks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	significantly disturbed? Are "Norma	I Circumstances" prese	nt? Yes 🗙 No 🦳
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology _	naturally problematic? (If needed,	explain any answers in	Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site	e map showing sampling point location	ons, transects, im	portant features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes	X No Is the Sampled Area		
Hydric Soil Present? Yes	No X within a Wetland?	Yes	No X
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No X If yes, optional Wetland	d Site ID:	
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here o			
Community type: Upland forest			
See associated site map and nate	ural resource report		
HYDROLOGY]
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators	(minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; c	heck all that apply)	Surface Soil Crac	
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	Drainage Pattern	
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	Moss Trim Lines	
Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15)	Dry-Season Wate	
Water Marks (B1)	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	Crayfish Burrows	
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)		e on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	Stunted or Stress	· ·
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	Geomorphic Posi	. ,
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Shallow Aquitard	1
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	Microtopographic	
Field Observations:		FAC-Neutral Tes	t (D5)
	X Depth (inches): _0		
	X Depth (inches): 0		
		Hydrology Present?	Yes No X
(includes capillary fringe)			
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitori	ing well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if av	alladie:	
Remarks:			
1			

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: ______SP-5

Tree Statute (District 30'	Absolute	Dominant		Dominance Test worksheet:
<u>Tree Stratum</u> (Plot size: <u>30'</u>) 1 Abies balsamea	<u>% Cover</u> 80	<u>Species?</u> Y	FAC	Number of Dominant Species
2. Betula alleghaniensis	10	<u> </u>	FAC	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)
	10		FACW	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B)
3. Thuga occidentalis			FACW	Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 00 (A/B)
6.				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7				Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
	400	= Total Cov	er	OBL species x 1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')				FACW species x 2 =
1. Balsam Fir	40	Y	FAC	FAC species x 3 =
				FACU species x 4 =
2				UPL species x 5 =
3				Column Totals: (A) (B)
4	·			Concentration index - D/A -
5	·			Prevalence Index = B/A =
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7,				Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	40	= Total Cov	er	Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
1. Carex arctata	5		FACW	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2, Sphagnum L.	80	Y	FACU	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation' (Explain)
3				811 - 11 - 12
4				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5,				· · · ·
				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6				Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter
7				at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8				Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH
9	·			and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
10,	·			Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11	·	. <u> </u>	<u> </u>	of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12,				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	85	= Total Cov	er	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)				
1				
2				
2.				
3	·			Hydrophytic Vegetation
4	·	<u> </u>		Present? Yes X No
Demodes (for the back sector b		= Total Cov	er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s	sheet.)			

SOIL

	cription: (Describe (o the dept				or confirm	the absence of in	dicators.)
Depth (inches)	Matrix Color (moist)	%	Redo Color (moist)	x Features %	Type	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-4	10YR 3/2				TADE		Silt Loam	Remarks
4-12	10YR 5/3							
			· • •	·				
12-18	2.5Y 4/3							
'Type: C=C Hydric Soil	oncentration, D=Depl	etion, RM=	Reduced Matrix, CS	S=Covered	I or Coate	d Sand G		n: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol Histic E Black H Hydroge Stratifie Deplete Sandy f Sandy f Sandy f Sandy f Dark Su		ILRA 149E) nce (S9) (L Mineral (F7 Matrix (F2 ((F3) rface (F6) Surface (F6) Surface (F8)	. RR R, MI) (LRR K) 7)	.RA 149B , L)	Coast Prairi 5 cm Mucky Dark Surfac Polyvalue B Thin Dark S Iron-Manga Piedmont F Mesic Spod Red Parent Very Shallo Other (Expl	(A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA 149B) ie Redox (A16) (LRR K, L, R) / Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR K, L, R) > Peat or P
	Layer (if observed):							
Type: Depth (in	iches):						Hydric Soil Pres	sent? Yes No X
Remarks:								

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Northcentral and Northeast Region

Project/Site: Rising Tide Tower	City/County: Dalla	s Plantation TWP	Sampling Date: May 17, 2021
Applicant/Owner: Black Diamond Consultants		State: N	Sampling Date: May 17, 2021 AE Sampling Point: SP-6
FORM	Section, Township,		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	Local relief (concave, e	convex, none):	Slope (%): 5
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR	at: N044° 57' 50.92"	Long: W070° 36' 09.95	5" Datum: ME-WF
Soil Map Unit Name:			sification:
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typica	I for this time of year? Yes 🔀 N	lo (If no, explain i	in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology _	significantly disturbed? A	Are "Normal Circumstance	s" present? Yes 🗙 No 🦲
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology _	naturally problematic? (I	If needed, explain any an	swers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site	map showing sampling poir	nt locations, transe	cts, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes Hydric Soil Present? Yes Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or Community type: Forested wetland See associated site map and natu	No If yes, option in a separate report.)		— — I
HYDROLOGY			
Wetland Hydrology Indicators:			dicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; ch			Soil Cracks (86)
Surface Water (A1)	Water-Stained Leaves (B9)		Patterns (B10)
High Water Table (A2)	Aquatic Fauna (B13)	and the second se	m Lines (B16) son Water Table (C2)
Saturation (A3)	Marl Deposits (B15) Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)		Burrows (C8)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living R		n Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift Deposits (B3)	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)		or Stressed Plants (D1)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soi		phic Position (D2)
Iron Deposits (B5)	Thin Muck Surface (C7)		Aquitard (D3)
Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	X Other (Explain in Remarks)	Microtop	ographic Relief (D4)
Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		FAC-Nei	utral Test (D5)
Field Observations:			
Surface Water Present? Yes X No	Depth (inches): 0		
Water Table Present? Yes X No	Depth (inches): 0		
Saturation Present? Yes NoNo	Depth (inches): 0	Wetland Hydrology Pre	esent? Yes No
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitorin	g well, aerial photos, previous inspect	ions), if available:	
Remarks:			
Within Monarda soil series (hydric	soil)		

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

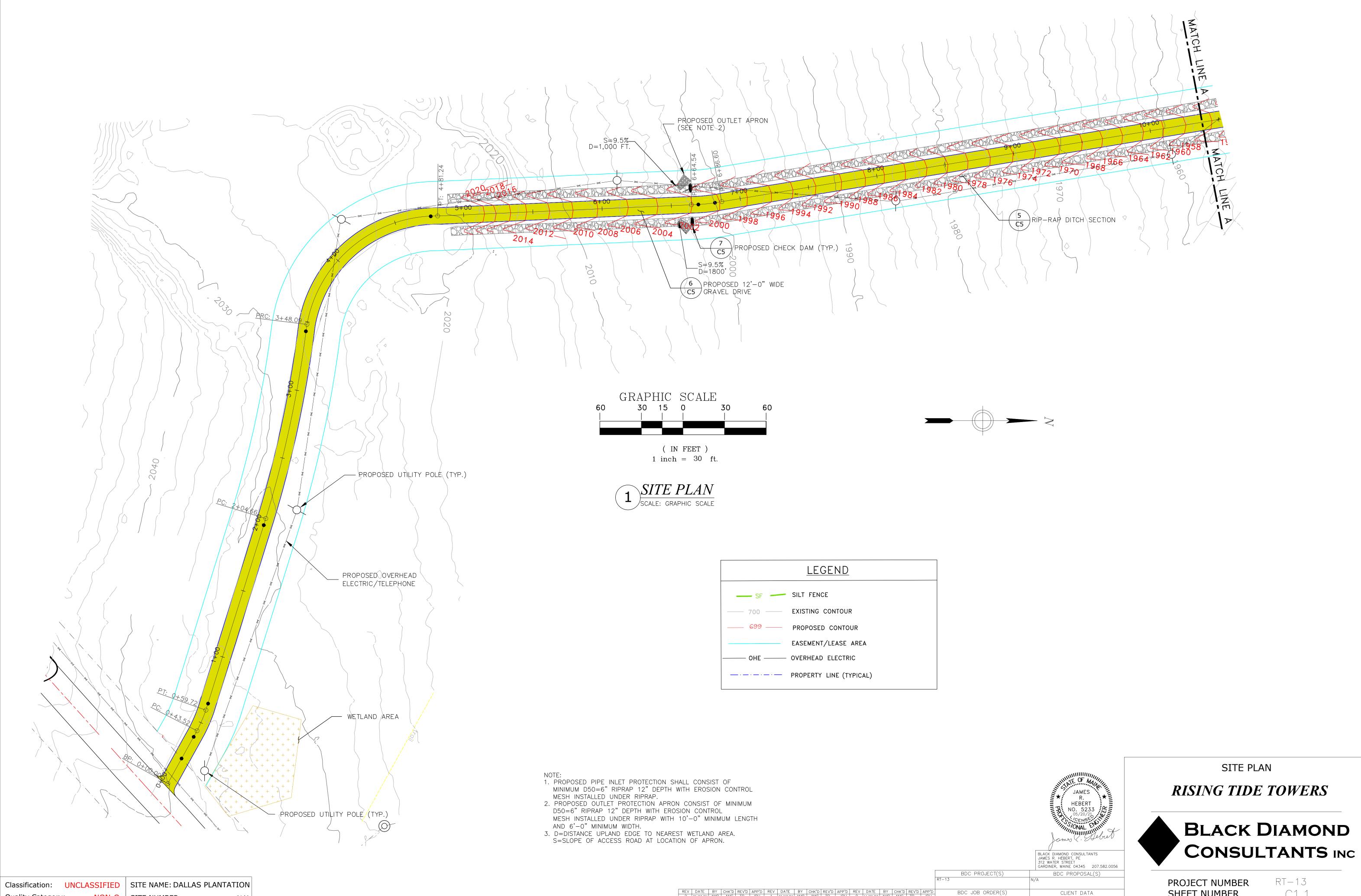
Sampling Point: _____SP-6

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute	Dominant		Dominance Test worksheet:
Abies balsamea	<u>% Cover</u> 80	<u>Species?</u> Y	FAC	Number of Dominant Species
	·			That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: (A)
2	·			Total Number of Dominant
3,				Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 66 (A/B)
6				
	·			Prevalence Index worksheet:
7	70			Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
451		= Total Co	/er	OBL species x 1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')				FACW species x 2 =
1. Rubus idaeus	20		FACU	FAC species x 3 =
2. Abies balsamea	30	Υ	FAC	FACU species x 4 =
3				UPL species x 5 =
				Column Totais: (A) (B)
4				Prevalence Index = B/A =
5				
6.	·			Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7				Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
	70	= Total Cov	/er	Dominance Test is >50%
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5)				Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹
1. Sphagnum L.	70	Y	FACU	Morphological Adaptations' (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
2 Carex arctata	10		FACW	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
20	·			
3,	·			¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
4	·			be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
5.				Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
6,				
7				Tree – Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.
8				Sapling/shrub – Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.
9				and greater than 5.20 it (1 m) tail.
10,	·			Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless
11				of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
12				Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
	90	= Total Cov	/er	height.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)				
2	·			1
3	·			Hydrophytic
4.				Vegetation Present? Yes X No
		= Total Cov	/er	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s	sheet.)			1

SOIL

Sampling	Point:	SP-6
----------	--------	------

		to the dep				or confirm	n the absence of indicators.)	
Depth (inches)	Matrix Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	x Feature %	s Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture Remarks	
0-7	10YR 3/2				<u>iype</u>		Silt Loam	
7-18	10YR 4/3		10YR 5/1	5	D	PL	Silt Loam	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	oncentration, D=Depl				d or Coat		rains. ² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=M	
Hydric Soil			-Reduced Matrix, C.	S-COVERE			Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soi	ils ³ :
Histosol			Polyvalue Belo	w Surface	(S8) (LR	RR.	2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR K, L, MLRA	
	pipedon (A2)		MLRA 149B)			Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR K,	L, R)
	istic (A3)		Thin Dark Surfa					R K, L, R)
	en Sulfide (A4) d Layers (A5)		Loamy Mucky I			(, L)	Dark Surface (S7) (LRR K, L)	
	d Below Dark Surface	(A11)	Depleted Matri:		.)		Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR K, L)	
	ark Surface (A12)	. (,	Redox Dark Su		I		Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LR	
	Nucky Mineral (S1)		Depleted Dark		7)		Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (M	ILRA 1498)
	Gleyed Matrix (S4)		Redox Depress	sions (F8)			Mesic Spodic (TA6) (MLRA 144A,	145, 149B)
	Redox (S5)						Red Parent Material (F21)	
	1 Matrix (S6) Irface (S7) (LRR R, N	II RA 149	B)				Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks)	
			2,					
	of hydrophytic vegetat		etland hydrology mu	st be pres	ent, unles	s disturbe	d or problematic.	
	Layer (if observed):							
Type: <u>N/</u>	A		<u> </u>					
Depth (in	iches):						Hydric Soil Present? Yes X	No
Remarks:								



NON-Q SITE NUMBER:

N/A

Quality Category:

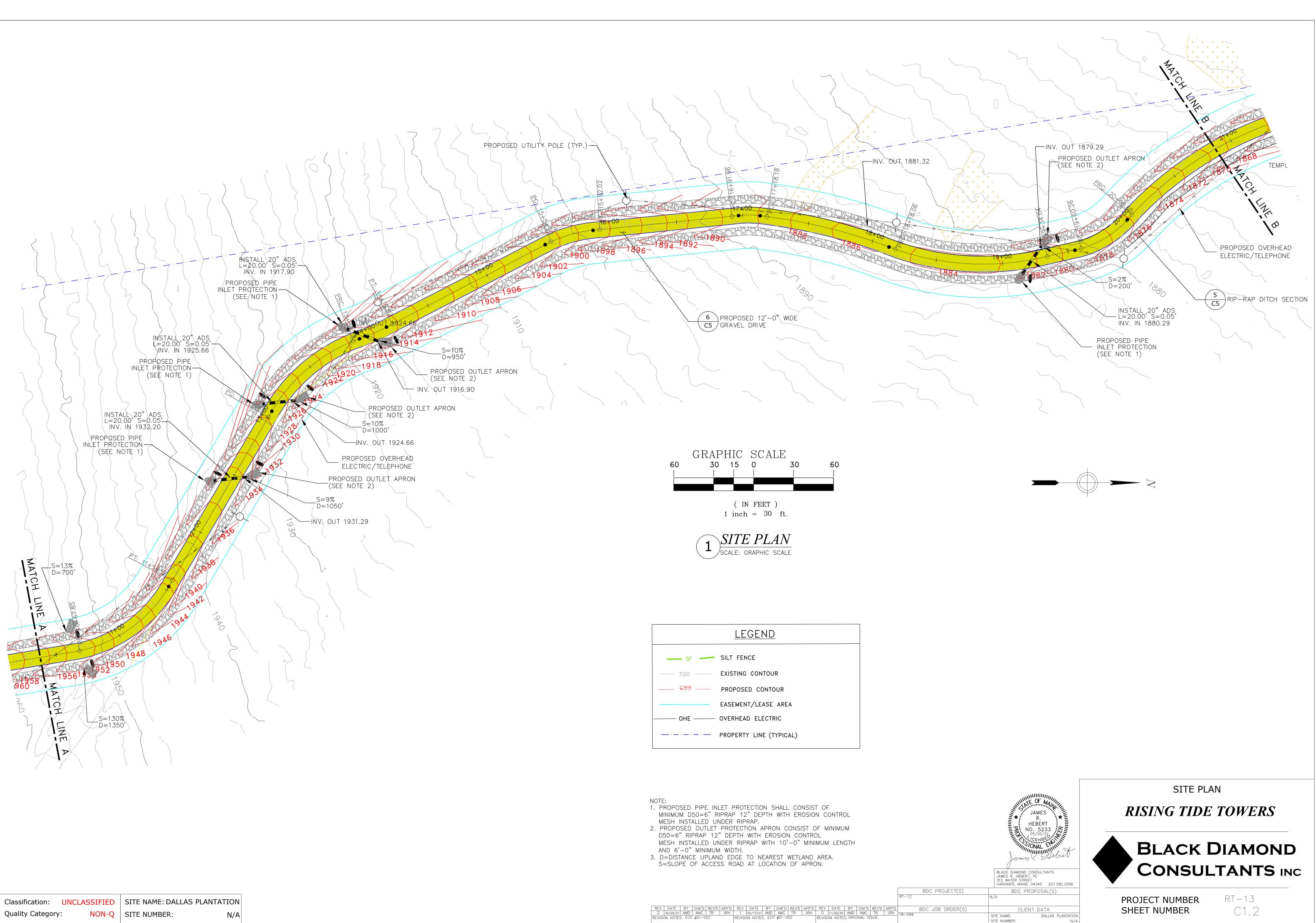
CLIENT DATA

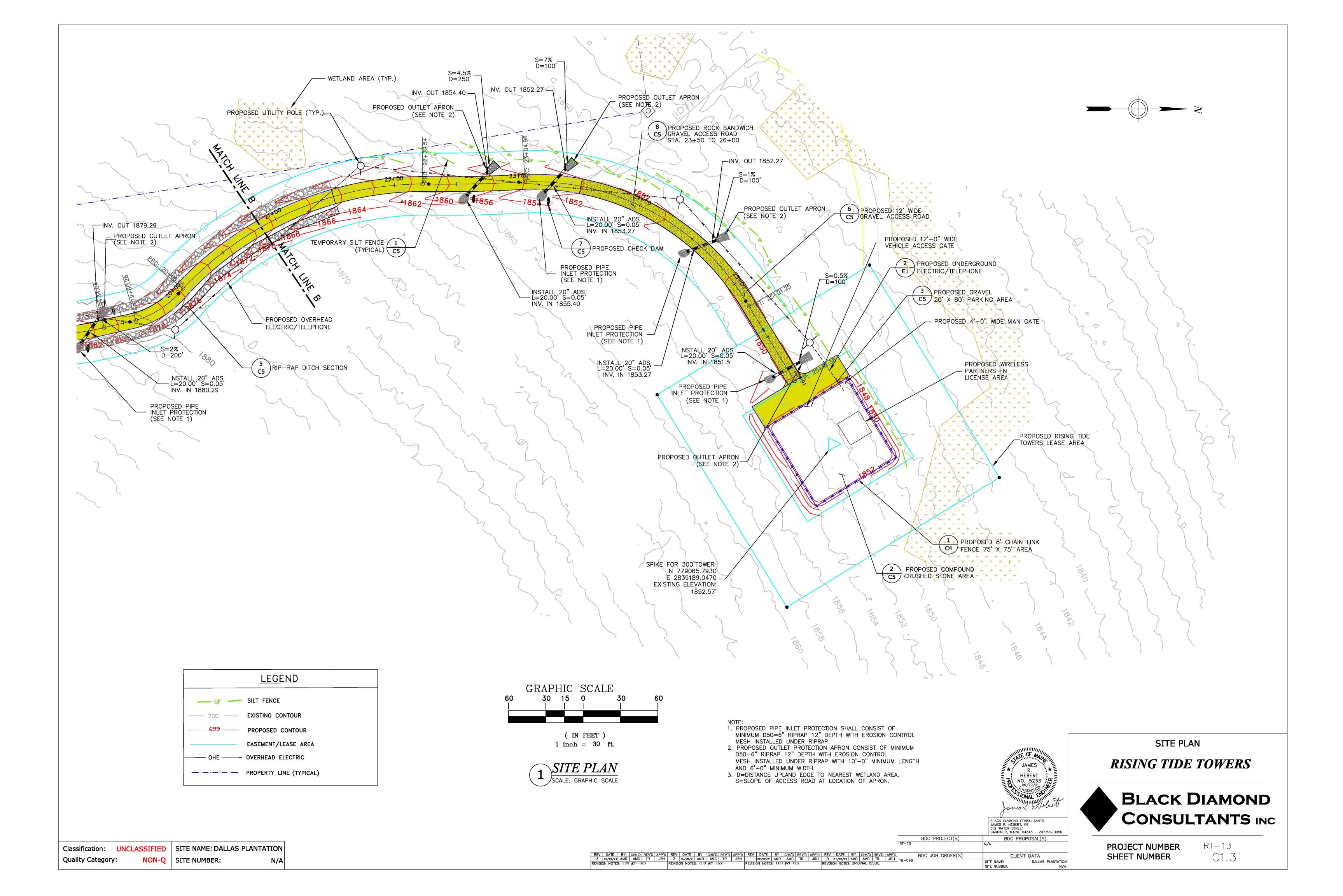
DALLAS PLANTATION N/A

SITE NAME: SITE NUMBER:

SHEET NUMBER

C1.1





PHOSPHORUS CONTROL PLAN

Prepared for:

BLACK DIAMOND CONSULTANTS, INC.

RISING TIDE TOWER SITE Dallas Plantation, Maine

Prepared by:

MAIN-LAND DEVELOPMENT CONSULTANTS, INC. P.O. Box Q, Livermore Falls, Maine

Prepared: May 20, 2021

Introduction

The Rising Tide Tower Site is located on the Dallas Hill Road in Dallas Plantation, Maine. It is shown on the Land Use Planning Commission (LUPC) parcel viewer as Plan 2, Lot 49. LUPC GIS data notes the lot is 117.89 Acres. The lot generally slopes from south to north, starting at the Dallas Hill Road at the mineral mining quarry and draining toward the Gull Pond outlet stream and Haley Pond. While the site

The purpose of a Phosphorous Control Plan is to protect the water quality of downstream water bodies, in this case Haley Pond. The Department of Environmental Protection Stormwater Best Management Practices Volume II. Phosphorus Control in Lake Watersheds: A Technical Guide to Evaluating New Development theorizes that the development of land leads to increased concentration of phosphorous in surface water run-off from these developed sites. Because phosphorous is a deficient nutrient in lakes, excess amounts of phosphorous can cause increased plant growth, particularly in algae. This, in turn, can lead to algal blooms, signaling a serious decrease in overall water quality and leading to deoxygenation of the waterbody.

Therefore, new development should calculate this increased phosphorous concentration, and if found to be harmful to the water body, propose and implement controls on the export of phosphorous from developed sites.

Maximum Permitted Phosphorus

The Maine DEP has set an allowable *Per Acre Phosphorus Allocation* of 0.042. The subject parcel totals 117.89 acres in size. According to LUPC GIS maps there are no sizable wetland areas on the site. There do no appear to be sustained slopes of 25 percent or more for more than one contiguous acre. There is therefore no acreage considered by the phosphorus standards to be "undevelopable". As such, the *project acreage* is equal to the total acreage of 117.89 acres.

Since the *project acreage* is less than the *small watershed threshold* of 131 acres, the maximum permitted phosphorus allocation, or *project phosphorus budget* (PPB), can be calculated as 0.042 lbs/ac x 117.89 acres, equaling 4.951 pounds per year of phosphorus.

The Rising Tide Tower right, title, or interest in the property is via land lease. Further, the land lease minimally covers the tower site and the existing access road, proposed for improvement. Since the land lease area is limited, there is no room for stormwater management treatment best management practices (BMPs), and the lease area project phosphorus budget would be prohibitively small in comparison to the *project phosphorus export* (PPE).

In order for the Tower Site PPE to remain within the PPB, the lessee, Rising Tide Towers, LLC. has entered into a phosphorus agreement with the landowner and lessor, Mark Beauregard, Inc. The agreement allows for the tower development to encumber a portion of the phosphorus budget for the parcel. The encumbrance of the phosphorus is set to end if/when the lease ends, the tower is removed, and the site reclaimed.

Proposed Phosphorus Export

Worksheet 2 is utilized to calculate pre-treatment and post treatment PPE. Please refer to the worksheet for a summary of areas and export coefficients.

A soil study and report prepared by Licensed Soils Scientist Eric Whitney of Main-Land Development Consultants lists soils on site in the developed area as mainly Telos, Monarda, and Chesuncook. The existing road/trail also poses disturbed or man placed soils characterized as Udorthents. According Appendix B of the Maine Erosion and Sediment Control BMP manual these soils are classified as hydrologic soil group (HSG) 'C & D'. Phosphorus export coefficients for HSG D soils and the high export option are utilized in Worksheet 2 to be conservative.

A PPE of 1.214 pounds per year is determined in Worksheet 2.

Summary

Based on a PPE of 1.214 pounds per year, the Developer/Lessee has entered into an agreement with the Owner/Lessor for the encumbrance of 1.214 pounds per year out of the total PPB of 4.951 pounds per year. 3.737 pounds of phosphorus export per year remain available to the Owner for future development of the lot.

This Plan was prepared by Richard W. Dunton, PE#12485

Richard W. Dunton, PE

RICHARD W. DUNTON No. 12485

2021-05-20

Project Name:	Cell To	wer						
Lake Watershed: Haley Pond								
Town: Dallas Plantation								
Standard Calculations								
Watershed per acre phosphorus budget (Appendix C)	PAPB	0.042	lbs P/acre/year					
Total acreage of development parcel:	ТА		acres					
NWI wetland acreage:	WA		acres					
Steep slope acreage:	SA		acres					
Project acreage: A = TA - (WA+ SA)	Α	117.89	acres					
Project Phosphorus Budget: PPB = P x A	PPB	4.9514	lbs P/year					
Small Watershed Adjustment								
If Project Acreage (A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the sn pertinent lake and town info in the table in Appendix C), calculate an a								
If Project Acreage (A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the sn	alternativ	e PPB using the	analysis below					
If Project Acreage (A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the sn pertinent lake and town info in the table in Appendix C), calculate an and use this value if it is less than the the Standard Calculation PPB.		e PPB using the						
If Project Acreage (A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the sn pertinent lake and town info in the table in Appendix C), calculate and and use this value if it is less than the the Standard Calculation PPB. Small Watershed Threshold (Appendix C):	alternativo SWT	e PPB using the	acres					
If Project Acreage (A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the sn pertinent lake and town info in the table in Appendix C), calculate an and use this value if it is less than the the Standard Calculation PPB. Small Watershed Threshold (Appendix C): Project acreage: Allowable increase in town's share of annual phosphorus	SWT A	e PPB using the 131 117.89	acres acres					
If Project Acreage (A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the sn pertinent lake and town info in the table in Appendix C), calculate an and use this value if it is less than the the Standard Calculation PPB. Small Watershed Threshold (Appendix C): Project acreage: Allowable increase in town's share of annual phosphorus load to lake (Appendix C):	SWT A FC	e PPB using the 131 117.89 22.09	acres acres be acres be P/year					
If Project Acreage (A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the sn pertinent lake and town info in the table in Appendix C), calculate an and use this value if it is less than the the Standard Calculation PPB. Small Watershed Threshold (Appendix C): Project acreage: Allowable increase in town's share of annual phosphorus load to lake (Appendix C): Area available for development (Appendix C):	SWT A FC AAD	e PPB using the 131 117.89 22.09 2088	acres acres acres lbs P/year					
If Project Acreage (A) is greater than the threshold acreage for the sn pertinent lake and town info in the table in Appendix C), calculate an a and use this value if it is less than the the Standard Calculation PPB. Small Watershed Threshold (Appendix C): Project acreage: Allowable increase in town's share of annual phosphorus load to lake (Appendix C): Area available for development (Appendix C): Ratio of A to AAD (R=A/AAD)	SWT A FC AAD	e PPB using the 131 117.89 22.09 2088	acres acres acres lbs P/year					

Worksheet 2 Pre-PPE and Post-PPE Calculations

Calculate phosphorus export from development for before and after treatment Use as many sheets as needed for each development type (commercial, roads, residential lots, etc.)

Project name <u>:</u>	Cell Tower		Development type:	Sheet # 1		
Land Surface Type or Lot #(s) with description	Acres or # of lots	Export Coefficient from Table 3.1 Table 3.2	Pre-treatment Algal Av. P Export (Ibs P/year)	Treatment Factor for BMP(s) from Chapter 6	Post- treatment Algal Av. P Export (Ibs P/year)	Description of BMPs
Tower Site	0.000486915	0.5	0.0002	1	0.0002	
Access Road	0.2204	1.75	0.3857	1	0.3857	
Access Road Ditches	1.0354	0.8	0.8283	1	0.8283	
			0	1	0	
			0	1	0	
			0	1	0	
			0	1	0	
			0	1	0	
			0	1	0	
			0	1	0	
		Total Pre-PPE (Ibs P/year)	1.214	Total PostPPE (Ibs P/year)	1.214	

T PHOSPHORUS EXPORT SUN	IMARY					
ble phosphorus export (PPE)						
PPB						
		lbs P/year				
		lbs P/year				
Post-PPE	1.214	lbs P/year				
ТМС						
	0.000	lbs P/year				
PPE						
	1.214	lbs P/year				
the Project Phosphorus Budget? (PPE	≤PPB)					
If YES , PPE is less than or equal to PPB and the project meets its phosphorus budget If NO , PPE is greater than PPB, more reduction in phosphorus export is required or the payment of a compensation fee may be an option						
The amount of phosphorus that needs further treatment or compensation Ibs P/year						
en sufficiently reduced?	ls (Pi	re-PPE - Post-				
If YES, in some watersheds the compensation fee is an available option. If NO, more treatment must be provided. PPE must be further reduced.						
The post-treatment phosphorus export must be less than 40% of the pre-treatment export (Post-PPE < 0.4*Pre-PPE)						
If the project is located in a watershed that is eligible for a compensation fee (or is a residential						
If Project Export has been reduced by greater than 60% and less than 75%, \$25,000 per pound minus \$833 per 1% Percent Export						
ater than 75%, \$12,500 per pound minus						
	PPB Pre-PPE Post-PPE TMC PPE Sthe Project Phosphorus Budget? (PPE B and the project meets its phosphorus budget If NO, PPE is greater than of its required or the payment of a Sther treatment or compensation en sufficiently reduced? sation fee is an available option. If NO, nust be further reduced. ust be less than 40% of the pre-treatment ched that is eligible for a compensation feet is and the states than 75%, \$25,000	PPB 4.951 Pre-PPE 1.214 Post-PPE 1.214 TMC 0.000 PPE 1.214 Step PPE 1.214 TMC 0.000 PPE 1.214 Step PPE Step PPE B and the project meets its phosphorus budget If NO, PPE is greater than YE Step Step PPE Is (Pr sation fee is an available option. If NO, nust be further reduced. ust be less than 40% of the pre-treatment Step PPE Step Presention Step PPE Step Presentin St				

PHOSPHORUS AGREEMENT

THIS PHOSPORUS AGREEMENT ("Agreement") is made this June 2, 2021 (the "Effective Date") by and between <u>Mark Beauregard Inc.</u>, whose mailing address is P.O. Box 304, Rangeley, Maine 04970, its successors and assigns ("Landlord") and <u>Rising Tide Towers, LLC</u>, a Maine limited liability company having a mailing address of 5 Milk Street, Suite 420, Portland, ME 04101 ("Tenant").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, Landlord and Tenant entered into a certain Lease Agreement, fully executed on December 4, 2018, and a certain First Amendment to Lease Agreement, fully executed on December 17, 2020, with respect to certain land located off the Dallas Hill Road in Dallas Plantation, Maine (collectively, the "Lease"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Lease, Tenant is leasing from Landlord an unimproved parcel of land consisting of approximately 40,000 square feet (the "Premises"), together with the right to install, maintain, and operate a cellular telecommunications tower and related equipment ("Tenant's Facilities"); and

WHEREAS, the Premises are a portion of Landlord's unimproved parcel of land consisting of approximately 117.89 acres (the "Landlord's Parcel"); and

WHEREAS, in order to secure certain permits and approvals for Tenant's Facilities, Tenant has caused to be prepared a Phosphorus Control Plan by Main-Land Development Consultants, Inc., dated May 20, 2021, attached hereto as <u>Attachment A</u> and made a part hereof (the "Phosphorus Control Plan"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Phosphorus Control Plan, the pounds of phosphorus export per year that are attributable to Tenant's Facilities (1.214 lbs./year) exceed the maximum permitted phosphorus allocation (at times referred to as the "project phosphorus budget" or "PPB") for the Premises; and

WHEREAS, to satisfy Land Use Planning Commission phosphorus control standards for the Tenant's Facilities, the Landlord and Tenant agree to share the maximum permitted phosphorus allocation for the Landlord's Parcel (4.951 lbs./year), in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual premises, covenants, and agreements contained herein and intending to be legally bound hereby, Landlord and Tenant agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Encumbrance; Assignment</u>: Subject to the terms and conditions hereof, Landlord hereby encumbers Landlord's Parcel and hereby assigns to Tenant, for purposes of installing and operating Tenant's Facilities, a phosphorus export allocation of 1.214 lbs./year, which is a portion of the maximum permitted phosphorus allocation of 4.951 lbs./year for Landlord's Parcel.
- 2. <u>Landlord's Covenant</u>: Landlord covenants that it will not develop, cause to be developed, or otherwise use or encumber Landlord's Parcel in any manner that would cause the maximum permitted phosphorus allocation for Landlord's Parcel to exceed 3.737 lbs./year.
- 3. <u>Tenant's Covenant</u>: Tenant covenants that it will not develop, cause to be developed, or otherwise use or encumber the Premises in any manner that would cause the maximum permitted phosphorus allocation for Landlord's Parcel (including the Premises) to exceed 1.214 lbs./year.
- 4. <u>Term</u>: This Agreement shall commence on the date first above written and shall expire on the date that Tenant's Facilities are removed from the Premises and the Premises reclaimed, in accordance with Section 7 ("Removal of Tenant's Facilities Upon Lease Termination") of the Lease.

- 5. <u>Termination</u>: Tenant shall have the right to terminate this Agreement on the same terms and under the same conditions as set forth in Section 4 ("Permits and Approvals; Right to Terminate") of the Lease.
- 6. <u>Recording</u>: Tenant shall cause this Agreement to be recorded in the Franklin County Registry of Deeds.
- 7. <u>Miscellaneous</u>: This Agreement may be amended by mutual written agreement of the parties. This Agreement may be executed in any number of separate counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and shall together constitute one and the same instrument. A PDF copy of this Agreement containing a PDF copy of the signatures of any party shall be deemed an original signature and such execution and delivery shall be considered valid, binding, and effective for all purposes.

[SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Phosphorus Agreement on the date first above written by their duly authorized representatives.

LANDLORD: MARK BEAUREGARD, INC. BY: <u>Mark Beauregard</u> Name: Mark Beauregard

Name: Mark Beauregard Title: President

June 9, 202/, 2021

STATE OF MAINE COUNTY OF FRANKLIN

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this $\underline{\mathcal{I}}_{\mathcal{M}}^{\mathcal{M}}$ day of $\underline{\mathcal{I}}_{\mathcal{M}}^{\mathcal{M}}$, 2021, by Mark Beauregard, President of Mark Beauregard, Inc., and acknowledged the foregoing to be his free act and deed in his said capacity and the free act and deed of the said Mark Beauregard, Inc.

Notary Public / Attomey-at-law Print Name:

JAMES L EASTLACK NOTARY PUBLIC FRANKLIN COUNTY MAINE MY LOMMOSION EXPIRES JANUARY 7, 2025

TENANT: RISING TIDE TOWERS, LLC

BY: UM.

Name: Todd B. Rich Title: Representative

STATE OF MAINE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND

10 10 ,2021

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 10 day of ______, 2021, by Todd B. Rich, representative of Rising Tide Towers, LLC., and acknowledged the foregoing to be his free act and deed in his said capacity and the free act and deed of the said Rising Tide Towers, LLC.

Notary Public / Attorney-at-law Print Name: partner



PHOSPHORUS AGREEMENT

ATTACHMENT A

Phosphorus Control Plan (attached hereto)

PHOSPHORUS CONTROL PLAN

Prepared for:

BLACK DIAMOND CONSULTANTS, INC.

RISING TIDE TOWER SITE Dallas Plantation, Maine

Prepared by:

MAIN-LAND DEVELOPMENT CONSULTANTS, INC. P.O. Box Q, Livermore Falls, Maine

Prepared: May 20, 2021

Introduction

The Rising Tide Tower Site is located on the Dallas Hill Road in Dallas Plantation, Maine. It is shown on the Land Use Planning Commission (LUPC) parcel viewer as Plan 2, Lot 49. LUPC GIS data notes the lot is 117.89 Acres. The lot generally slopes from south to north, starting at the Dallas Hill Road at the mineral mining quarry and draining toward the Gull Pond outlet stream and Haley Pond.

The purpose of a Phosphorous Control Plan is to protect the water quality of downstream water bodies, in this case Haley Pond. The Department of Environmental Protection Stormwater Best Management Practices Volume II. Phosphorus Control in Lake Watersheds: A Technical Guide to Evaluating New Development theorizes that the development of land leads to increased concentration of phosphorous in surface water run-off from these developed sites. Because phosphorous is a deficient nutrient in lakes, excess amounts of phosphorous can cause increased plant growth, particularly in algae. This, in turn, can lead to algal blooms, signaling a serious decrease in overall water quality and leading to deoxygenation of the waterbody.

Therefore, new development should calculate this increased phosphorous concentration, and if found to be harmful to the water body, propose and implement controls on the export of phosphorous from developed sites.

Maximum Permitted Phosphorus

The Maine DEP has set an allowable *Per Acre Phosphorus Allocation* of 0.042. The subject parcel totals 117.89 acres in size. According to LUPC GIS maps there are no sizable wetland areas on the site. There do no appear to be sustained slopes of 25 percent or more for more than one contiguous acre. There is therefore no acreage considered by the phosphorus standards to be "undevelopable". As such, the *project acreage* is equal to the total acreage of 117.89 acres.

Since the *project acreage* is less than the *small watershed threshold* of 131 acres, the maximum permitted phosphorus allocation, or *project phosphorus budget* (PPB), can be calculated as 0.042 lbs/ac x 117.89 acres, equaling 4.951 pounds per year of phosphorus.

The Rising Tide Tower right, title, or interest in the property is via land lease. Further, the land lease minimally covers the tower site and the existing access road, proposed for improvement. Since the land lease area is limited, there is no room for stormwater management treatment best management practices (BMPs), and the lease area project phosphorus budget would be prohibitively small in comparison to the *project phosphorus export* (PPE).

In order for the Tower Site PPE to remain within the PPB, the lessee, Rising Tide Towers, LLC. has entered into a phosphorus agreement with the landowner and lessor, Mark Beauregard, Inc. The agreement allows for the tower development to encumber a portion of the phosphorus budget for the parcel. The encumbrance of the phosphorus is set to end if/when the lease ends, the tower is removed, and the site reclaimed.

Proposed Phosphorus Export

Worksheet 2 is utilized to calculate pre-treatment and post treatment PPE. Please refer to the worksheet for a summary of areas and export coefficients.

A soil study and report prepared by Licensed Soils Scientist Eric Whitney of Main-Land Development Consultants lists soils on site in the developed area as mainly Telos, Monarda, and Chesuncook. The existing road/trail also poses disturbed or man placed soils characterized as Udorthents. According Appendix B of the Maine Erosion and Sediment Control BMP manual these soils are classified as hydrologic soil group (HSG) 'C & D'. Phosphorus export coefficients for HSG D soils and the high export option are utilized in Worksheet 2 to be conservative.

A PPE of 1.214 pounds per year is determined in Worksheet 2.

Summary

Based on a PPE of 1.214 pounds per year, the Developer/Lessee has entered into an agreement with the Owner/Lessor for the encumbrance of 1.214 pounds per year out of the total PPB of 4.951 pounds per year. 3.737 pounds of phosphorus export per year remain available to the Owner for future development of the lot.

This Plan was prepared by Richard W. Dunton, PE#12485

Richard W. Dunton, PE

RICHARD W. DUNTON No. 12485

2021-05-20

Supplement S-3

Water Body and Wetland Alterations

PROJECT INFORMATION

Permit No.

For office use:

Tracking No.

1.	Applicant Name(s):	2.	Project Location (Township, Plantation, or Town):			
3.	 B. How was the water body or wetland(s) identified on the property? (Check all that apply.) P-WL subdistrict shown on the Commission's official Land Use Guidance Map Wetland delineation LUPC staff (based on National Wetlands Inventory maps) LUPC staff (based on staff field visit) Other, please explain 					
4.	Describe the water body or wetland alteration (include the	purp	pose of and need for the project):			
5.	Has any water body or wetland area previously been altered If YES , provide the date, purpose, and amount of previous			10		

TYPE AND AMOUNT OF ALTERATION

- 6. What type of water body or wetland(s) will be altered? (Check all that apply.)
- 7. Provide the amount of area (*in square feet*) that will be altered for each category below and calculate the total. If the "other" category is used, please explain______.

6. Wetland Type		7. Impact Type in Square Feet							
	Structure	Fill	Vegetation Removal	Dredging or Dewatering	Shoreland Stabilization	Other			
□ River, Stream or Brook (P-WL1)									
Lake or Pond (P-WL1)									
Coastal Wetland (P-WL1)									
□ Freshwater Wetland (P-WL1) (Wetland of Special Significance)									
□ Shrub Scrub Wetland (P-WL2)									
□ Forested Wetland (P-WL3)									
TOTAL									

LEVEL OF REVIEW AND REQUIRED EXHIBITS

8. Determine the level of review required for your project <i>(check only one option)</i> and submit all necessary exhibits with this form <i>(see instructions for each level attached)</i> .	Level of Review	Required Exhibits
□ Altering less than 4,300 sq. ft. of a P-WL2 or P-WL3 wetland.	None	
 Altering 4,300 to 14,999 sq. ft. of a P-WL2 or P-WL3 wetland. Altering a P-WL1 wetland (S1 or S2 natural community only) *See General Instructions, attached. 	Tier 1	 1. Plan or drawing 2. Photos of area 3. Statement of avoidance & minimization
□ Altering 15,000 to 43,560 sq. ft. of a P-WL2 or P-WL3 wetland.	Tier 2	 All Tier 1 exhibits 4. Wetland delineation report
 Altering 43,560 sq. ft. or more of a P-WL2 or P-WL3 wetland. Altering a P-WL1 wetland of any size 	Tier 3	 5. Alternatives analysis 6. Functional assessment, if required 7. Compensation plan, if required

Please read. If you determined that the level of wetland review for your project is Tier 2 or Tier 3, contact the LUPC for guidance on how to proceed. Some projects may qualify for a lower tier of review if certain criteria are met. For large projects affecting wetlands, or projects of any size affecting P-WL1 wetlands, a pre-application meeting with the LUPC staff is strongly encouraged. Contact the LUPC office that serves your area to set up an appointment.